Disclosure on Liquidity Risk, as per extant RBI guidelines on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for NonBanking Financial Companies as on Dec 31, 2024 is as follows:

i.	Funding Concentration based on Significant Counterparty:			
	Number of Significant	Amount	% of Total	% of Total
	Counterparties	(Rs. lakhs)	Deposits	Liabilities
	29	120745.04	-	84.84%

ii. Top 20 Large Deposits (amount in Rs. lakhs and % of Total Deposits): Not Applicable

	Amount (Rs. lakhs)	% of Total Borrowings				
	73978.06	53.42%				
iv.	Funding Concentration based on Significant Instrument/Product:					
r.No.	Name of the Instrument/Product	Amount (Rs. lakhs)	% of Total Liabilities			
	Term Loans	89149.35	62.64%			
	Working Capital / Line of Credit /Overdraft facilities	0.00	0.00%			
	Commercial Papers	0.00	0.00%			
	Non-Convertible Debentures	44803.67	31.48%			
	Inter corporate deposits	0.00	0.00%			
	External Commercial Borrowing	2541.90	1.79%			
,	Subordinate Debt	2000.00	1.41%			
otal		138494.92	97.31%			
٧.	Stock Ratios:					
r.No.	Stock Ratios		%			
A) I)	Commercial Papers as a % of Total Public Funds					
II)	Commercial Papers as a % of Total Liabilities					
III)	Commercial Papers as a % of Total Assets					
3) I)	Non-Convertible Debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Public Funds					
11)	Non-Convertible Debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Liabilities					
111)	Non-Convertible Debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Assets					
C) I)	Other Short-Term Liabilities as a % of Total Public Funds	2.54%	2.54%			
II)	Other Short-Term Liabilities as a % of Total Liabilities	2.47%	2.47%			
III)	Other Short-Term Liabilities as a % of Total Assets	1.89%				

vi. Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management:

The Board has the overall responsibility for management of liquidity risk. The Board decides the strategy, policies and procedures to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the liquidity risk tolerance/limits approved by it. The Risk Management Committee (RMC), which is a committee of the Management, is responsible for evaluating the overall risks including liquidity risk. The meetings of RMC are held at half yearly intervals. The Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) is responsible for ensuring adherence to the risk tolerance/limits set by the Board as well as implementing the liquidity risk management strategy. The role of the ALCO with respect to liquidity risk includes, inter alia, decision on desired maturity profile and mix of incremental assets and liabilities, responsibilities and controls for managing liquidity risk, and overseeing the liquidity positions at an entity level.

Notes:

1. Significant Counterparty and Significant Instrument/Product is defined in RBI circular RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC No. 102/03 10.001/2019-20 dated November 4, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies.

2. Total borrowing is on Principal Outstanding basis

3. Public funds, for the company is same as Total Borrowings.

4. Total Liabilities has been computed as sum of all liabilities (Balance Sheet figures) less Equities and Reserves/Surplus

5. Other short term liabilities is Total Short term liabilites less short term borrowings.