

Public Disclosure of Liquidity Risk for the quarter ended on September 30, 2025 (Pursuant to the provision of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, dated October 19, 2023 as ameded from time to time issued by the Reserve Bank of India)					
i. Funding Concentration based on Significant Counterparty: (both deposits and borrowings)					
Sr. No.	Number of Significant Counterparties (1)	Amount (₹ Crore)	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities (2)	
1	34	1,207.65	0	86.08%	
ii. Top 20 Large Deposits (amount in ₹ Crore and % of Total Deposits): Not Applicable					
iii. Top 10 Borrowings:					
Amount (₹ Crore)	% of Total Borrowings(3)				
713.45	50.86%				
iv. Funding Concentration based on Significant Instrument/Product:					
Sr.No.	Name of the Instrument/Product	Amount (₹ Crore)	% of Total Liabilities(2)		
1	Term Loans	752.52	53.64%		
2	Working Capital / Line of Credit /Overdraft facilities	-	0.00%		
3	Commercial Papers	-	0.00%		
4	Non-Convertible Debentures	438.80	31.28%		
5	Inter corporate deposits	-	0.00%		
6	External Commercial Borrowing	154.42	11.01%		
7	Subordinate Debt	20.02	1.43%		
Total		1,365.75	97.35%		
v. Stock Ratios:					
Particulars	Total Public Funds(4)	Total Liabilities (2)	Total Assets		
Commercial Papers as a % of	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Non-Convertible Debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
Other Short-Term Liabilities(5) as a % of	40.75%	39.67%	29.35%		
vi. Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management:					
The Board through the Asset-Liability Management Committee (ALCO) shall have the overall responsibility for management of liquidity risk. The ALCO shall decide the strategy, policies and procedures to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the liquidity risk tolerance/limits decided from time to time.The ALCO committee is responsible for framing, implementing and monitoring the Liquidity Risk Management Framework including the ALM framework. It is also responsible for ensuring adherence to the various limits set by the regulator, Board and Board Sub Committee.					
Notes:					
(1) Significant Counterparty and Significant Instrument/Product is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities and 10% for other non-deposit taking NBFCs.					
(2) Total Liabilities has been computed as sum of all liabilities (Balance Sheet figures) less Equities and Reserves/Surplus.					
(3) Total borrowings are reported based on the outstanding principal amount, inclusive of accrued interest and adjusted for any unamortized borrowing costs as per IndAS framework.					
(4) Public funds are as defined in Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company –Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023.					
(5) Other Short-term Liabilities is computed as current maturities of long-term debt, short-term bank borrowings including outstanding CC/WCDL and other short-term liabilities has been considered, but excludes commercial paper and Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year).					